Since the city of Mosul fell to ISIL (aka ISIS) forces on 10 June 2014, the United States and the Iraqi Government were planning to retake the city. The offensive was a joint effort by the Iraqi government forces with allied militias, the government of Iraqi Kurdistan, local Assyrian Christian, Yezidi, Turcoman and Armenian militias, and US and UK air support and limited ground forces. Kurdish intelligence believes that over 40,000 civilians have been killed as a result of massive firepower used against them, especially by the federal police, air strikes and ISIS itself. One of the facilities used in providing care for the individuals in Mosul and neighbouring locations who suffered traumatic injuries is the Athba Field Hospital. The researcher recorded and monitored information about each casualty admitted in the facility. The data included the date of arrival, priority status upon arrival and upon discharge, age and gender of the patient, chemical exposure, Glasgow Coma Scale (GCS).